## § 297.401

Judicial review may be sought in the district court of the United States in the district in which—

- (a) The requester resides;
- (b) The requester has his or her principal place of business; or
- (c) The agency records are situated; or it may be sought in the district court of the District of Columbia.

## Subpart D—Disclosure of Records

## § 297.401 Conditions of disclosure.

An official or employee of the Office or agency should not disclose a record retrieved from a Governmentwide system of records to any person, another agency, or other entity without the express written consent of the subject individual unless disclosure is—

- (a) To officers or employees of the Office who have a need for the information in the performance of their duties.
- (b) Required by the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act.
- (c) For a routine use as published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.
- (d) To the Bureau of the Census for uses pursuant to title 13 of the United States Code.
- (e)(1) To a recipient who has provided the agency with advance adequate written assurance that the record will be used solely as a statistical research or reporting record. The record will be transferred in a form that is not individually identifiable. The written statement should include as a minimum:
- (i) A statement of the purpose for requesting the records; and
- (ii) Certification that the records will be used only for statistical purposes.
- (2) These written statements should be maintained as records. In addition to deleting personal identifying information from records released for statistical purposes, the system manager will reasonably ensure that the identity of the individual cannot be deduced by combining various statistical records.
- (f) To the National Archives of the United States as a record that has sufficient historical or other value to warrant its continued preservation by the United States Government, or for evaluation by the Archivist of the United States or his or her designee to deter-

mine whether the record has such value.

- (g) To another agency or instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for a civil or criminal law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law, and if the head of the agency or instrumentality or his designated representative has made a written request to the Office or agency that maintains the record specifying the particular portion desired and the law enforcement activity for which the record is sought.
- (h) To a person showing compelling circumstances affecting the health and safety of an individual, not necessarily the individual to whom the record pertains. Upon such disclosure, a notification should be sent to the last known address of the subject individual.
- (i) To the Congress or to a Congressional committee, subcommittee, or joint committee to the extent that the subject matter falls within its established jurisdiction.
- (j) To the Comptroller General or any authorized representatives of the Comptroller General in the course of the performance of the duties of the General Accounting Office.
- (k) Pursuant to the order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (1) To a consumer reporting agency in accordance with section 3711 (f) of title 31 of the United States Code.

## § 297.402 Disclosure pursuant to a compulsory legal process served on the Office.

For purposes of this section, the Office considers that a subpoena signed by a judge is equivalent to a court order.

- (a) The Office may disclose, without prior consent of the data subject, specified information from a system of records whenever such disclosure is pursuant to an order signed by the appropriate official of a court of competent jurisdiction or quasi-judicial agency. In this subpart, a court of competent jurisdiction includes the judicial system of a state, territory, or possession of the United States.
- (b) Notice of the order will be provided to the data subject by the Office as soon as practicable after service of